

Appendix 2: Reform Proposals

Proposal	Details
<i>2+3</i>	Two new PNVM seats and three new NPM seats (one each for Africa, Asia and the GRULAC). ¹
<i>AU</i>	Six new PM seats with the right of veto (two each for Africa and Asia; one each for the GRULAC and the WEOG) and five new NPM seats (two for Africa; one each for Asia, EE and the GRULAC). ²
<i>EU</i>	All EU members act jointly as a single PM with the right of veto.
<i>G4</i>	Six new PNVM seats (two each for Africa and Asia; one each for the GRULAC and the WEOG) and four NPM seats (one each for Africa, Asia, EE and the GRULAC). ³
<i>HLP_A</i>	New regional groupings: Africa, Asia and Pacific, Europe, and the Americas. Six new PNVM seats (two each for Africa and Asia and Pacific; one each for Europe and the Americas). A total of 13 NPM seats (four for Africa and Americas; three for Asia and Pacific; two for Europe). ⁴
<i>HLP_B</i>	New regional groupings: Africa, Asia and Pacific, Europe, and the Americas. Eight new renewable four-year seats (two for each region). A total of 11 NPM seats (four for Africa; three each for Asia and Pacific and the Americas; one for Europe).
<i>Italy</i>	Ten new regional rotating seats (three each for Africa and Asia; two for the GRULAC; one each for EE and the WEOG). ⁵
<i>Panama</i>	Six new renewable five-year seats (two each for Africa and Asia; one each for the GRULAC and the WEOG). Any country elected for four consecutive terms to these new seats to become a PNVM.
<i>Status quo</i>	Do nothing.
<i>Razali</i>	Five new PNVM seats (two for Asia; one each for Africa, the GRULAC and the WEOG). Four new NPM seats (one each for Africa, Asia, EE, the GRULAC). ⁶
<i>UfC</i>	All NPM seats to be renewable. Ten new renewable NPM seats (three each to Africa and Asia; two for the GRULAC; one each for EE and the WEOG). ⁷
<i>WV</i>	Two PM votes against a resolution required to form a veto.

¹ According to Davis (2010), Germany and Japan were widely seen as deserving the two NPVM seats. We therefore allocate these seats on this basis.

² As the identities of the new PMs is not specified, we assume that the new PM seats are allocated to Nigeria and Egypt in Africa, India and Japan in Asia, Brazil in the GRULAC and Germany in the WEOG.

³ We assume the six new PNVMs to be the same six countries assumed to be PMs in the *AU* reform proposal.

⁴ We assume that the six new PNVMs are identical those in the *G4* reform proposal.

⁵ Italy (2005) terms the ten new seats as “Regional” seats. Rotation is not proposed explicitly, but, according to Martini (2009: 7), is implicit in the Italian position.

⁶ Specifically, the reform proposal allocates two new PNVM seats to the “industrialized states”. According to Macqueen (2010), these two seats were intended for Germany and Japan. The reform proposal then allocates one PNVM seat to “developing states” in Africa, Asia and the GRULAC respectively. We allocate these seats to Nigeria, India and Brazil respectively.

⁷ The *UfC* reform proposal we examine here superseded two earlier reform proposals made by the UfC (the “Blue” and “Green” Models). For a discussion of these reform proposals see Hoffmann and Ariyork (2005).